# Addressing the Health Threats from Nitrate Contamination in Drinking Water

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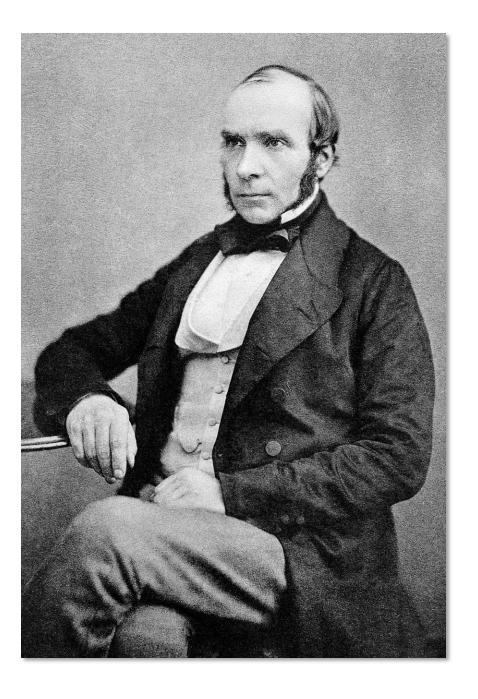


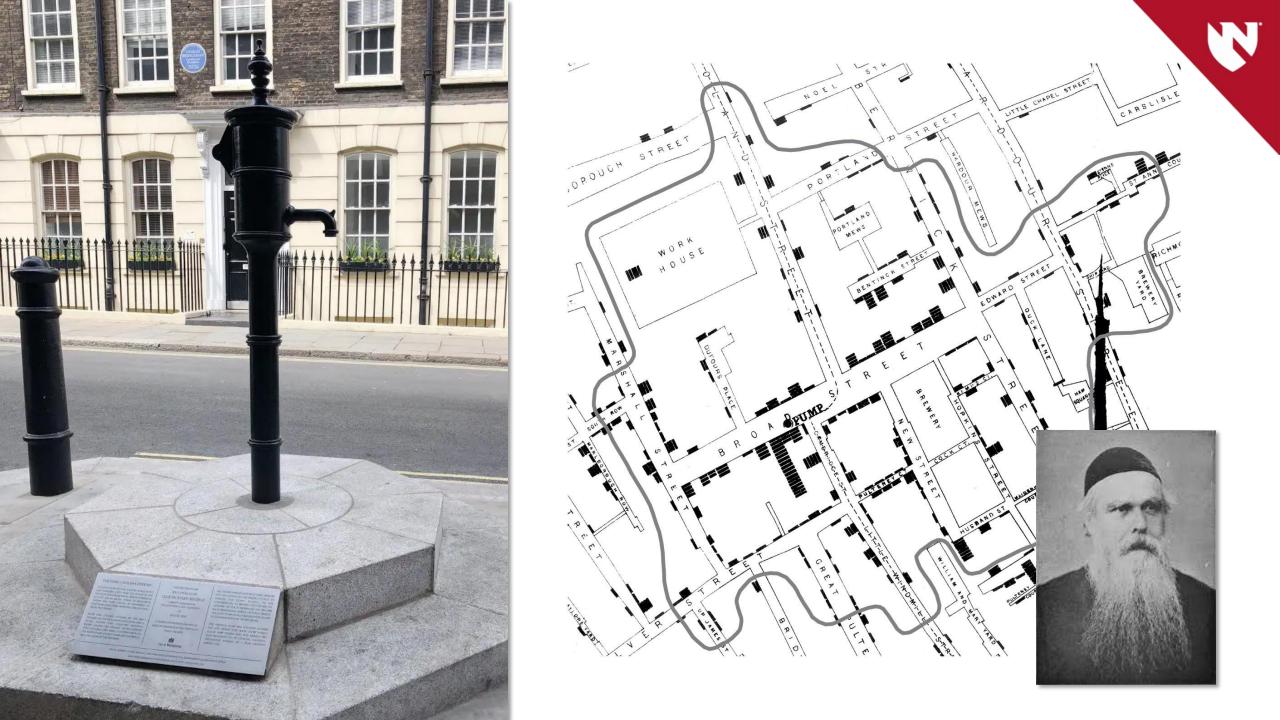
Public Health is the science of protecting and improving the health of people and their communities



# John Snow







#### Outcomes





We need to understand and observe patterns



Public health challenges extend beyond determining the causes of health issues



You need local champions



Perseverance is key to success



### Water Quality & Health in Nebraska



WATER QUALITY

Nebraska's nitrate problem is growing worse and it's likely harming our kids

Yangi Xu Flatwater Free Press Oct 28, 2022 Updated Dec 5, 2022

Nebraska's nitrate problem is serious, experts say. Can we solve it?

Matthew Hansen and Yangi Xu Flatwater Free Press Dec 31, 2022 Updated Jun 5, 2023 💂 1

EDITOR'S PICK TOPICAL TOP STORY FIGHTING NITRATES

Clean water doesn't come cheap: Nebraska towns are shelling out millions to treat nitrate-laced drinking water

YANQI XU Flatwater Free Press Dec 15, 2022 Updated Jan 20, 2023 🔍 3



#### Nitrates A Costly, Persistent Problem For Small Towns

by Grant Gerlock, NET News/Harvest Public Media 3 1



Cover crops like this rye grass growing in a harvested field of corn can allow farmers to use less fertilizer. (Photo by Gran





October 23 2015 - 6:45am

Nitrogen fertilizer on farm fields helps crops grow. But if there's too much left over in the soil, it can pollute water supplies as nitrates. A big city lawsuit in lowa over nitrates has grabbed headlines, but many small towns have the same problem.

Earlier this year, Des Moines, Iowa, made news when the city announced it would sue farmers in a legal battle over fertilizer. The city's water supply from the Des Moines and Raccoon Rivers often surpasses the legal limit for nitrates (10 mg/L), which commonly appear in water contaminated by runoff from farm fields.

Too many nitrates are a health hazard, particularly for infants whose blood can lose its ability to absorb oxygen. So nitrates must be reduced or removed, but cleaning nitrates from the city's water is a huge expense. When nitrate levels rise above the safe drinking water limit, Des Moines fires up a filtering system that costs thousands of dollars to operate each day.

Des Moines is unusual, though. In most cases, nitrate pollution is not a big city problem. It's most often a small town problem, says Bruce Dvorak, professor of environmental engineering at the University of Nehraska-Lincoln



"Nitrates in drinking water is the most common source water problem in the region." Dvorak said, "And for many small towns this is a very major cost issue. It may mean water rates, if they're lucky, only double. And some cases it may go up by

That's the case in Creighton, a small town in northeast Nebraska. Creighton installed a \$1.3 million water filtering system in 1993 to reduce nitrate levels in town's drinking water. It has been running ever since, pulling nitrates out of about 300,000 gallons of water per day.

### Omaha World-Herald



#### Nebraska towns pay more for water

Communities are collectively paying millions of dollars to fight nitrate contamination as they watch their bills increase

STELLATORIE Wolfarman in Francisco (Service Land Control Land Con



# Nitrate & Drinking Water



**Sources:** Nitrogen fertilizers, animal and human waste

**Regulatory limit:** 10 mg/L as NO<sub>2</sub>-N (USA)

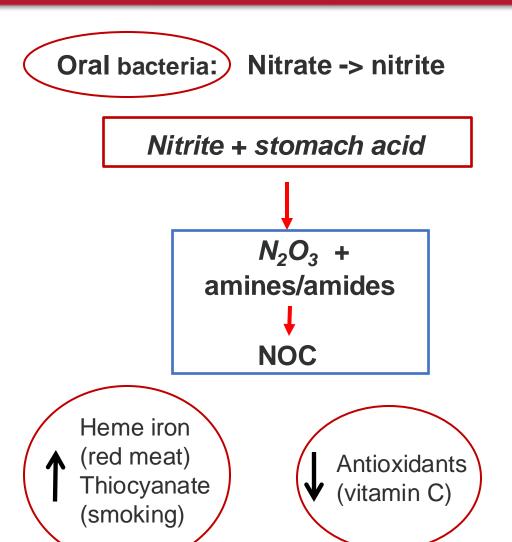
#### **Greatest exposure**

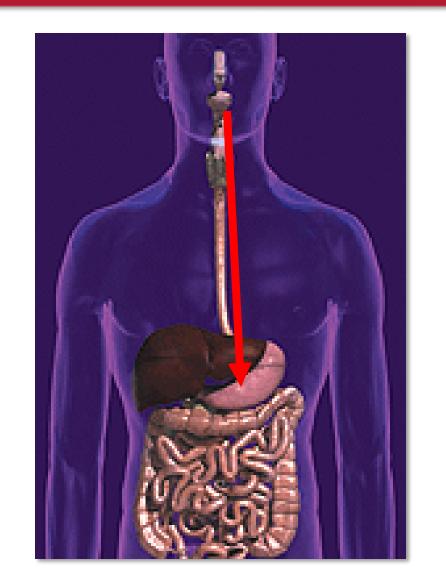
- Agricultural areas
- Private wells
  - Not regulated
  - Sparse measurements



# N-nitroso compound (NOC) formation from ingested nitrate (drinking water & diet)







#### Nitrate & Human Health



Regulatory limits of nitrate in drinking water are set for infant development of methemoglobinemia, not for other health outcomes

Numerous scientific studies have looked at the relationship of nitrate in drinking water on human health

High concentration of nitrate in drinking water has been linked to adverse health outcomes

#### Strongest links:

Minor health ailments
Methemoglobinemia
Preterm birth issues
Birth defects
Pediatric cancers
Adult cancers



#### Adult Health Issues



Increased heart rate, nausea, headaches, and abdominal cramps

#### Cancers

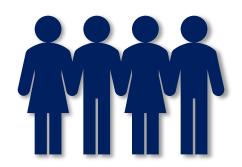
Colorectal cancer (5 studies; 4 positive)

Thyroid disease (3 positive studies)

Kidney cancer (2 studies; 2 positive)

Bladder cancer (4 studies; 2 positive)

Non-Hodgkin lymphoma (3 studies; 1 positive)



Alzheimer's, Diabetes And Parkinson's Disease

#### Research in Iowa



- Long-term ingestion of elevated nitrate in drinking water was associated with an increased risk of bladder cancer among postmenopausal women. Jones et al. 2016
- High nitrate levels in public drinking water and private well use may increase ovarian cancer risk among postmenopausal women. *Inoue-Choi et al. 2015*
- Exposure to total trihalomethanes in drinking water is associated with the risk of rectal cancer. Nitrate in drinking water was not associated with risk of colon or rectal cancers. *Jones et al. 2019*
- Positive association between a relatively low dietary intake of nitrite from processed meats and stomach cancer risk in postmenopausal women. No association between long-term exposure to nitrate or TTHM levels in public water supplies and the risk of these digestive system cancers. *Buller et al. 2021*

#### Health Issues in Children



#### Multiple health issues have been identified in children

- Methemoglobinemia (Infants less than 6 months)
- Pediatric brain cancers (2 studies; 2 positive)
- Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma (3 studies; 1 positive)
- Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma had a three-fold increase in risk with nitrates and atrazine in Nebraska study (Rhoades et al 2013)



#### Maternal & Fetal Health Issues



CDC report 1996 showed a cluster of spontaneous abortions (miscarriages) in rural Indiana Private wells 19-26 mg/L

California study found an increase in spontaneous preterm births with drinking water nitrate of 5 to 10 mg/L (Sherris et al. 2021)

Fetal growth restriction with exposure of high nitrate in drinking water (Coffman et al. 2021)

Fetal hemoglobin is particularly susceptible to oxidation

Study shows elevated methemoglobin cord blood with exposure to nitrate during pregnancy (Tabacova et al. 1998)

Central Nervous System (CNS) Malformations

5 of 6 studies found a positive association with nitrate

4 of the studies had concentrations less than 10mg/L





# Populations of Concern



Pregnant people and their fetus

Young infants (< 6 months of age)

Children

People with oxygen transport or delivery conditions like anemia, cardiovascular disease, lung disease, sepsis and presence of other structural hemoglobin variants

People with high nitrate in their well water

• Diet also plays a role



#### **Environmental & Institutional Context**

Municipal Water System

Pesticide Use

Private Well (Depth & Testing)

Agricultural Management

Other Env. Exposures (uranium, etc.)

Climate

Education

Geology Healthcare Professionals

Local Health Departments

#### **Sources**



Nitrogen Fertilizers



**Animal Waste** 

Human Waste

#### **Exposure Pathway**



**Drinking Water** 



Recreational Water

#### **Health Outcomes**

Minor Health Ailments Methemoglobinemia Preterm Birth Issues **Pediatric Cancers Adult Cancers** 

#### **Social & Behavioral Context**

Rural/Urban

Literacy

Age

Preexisting Health Conditions

Genetics

Socioeconomics

Diet

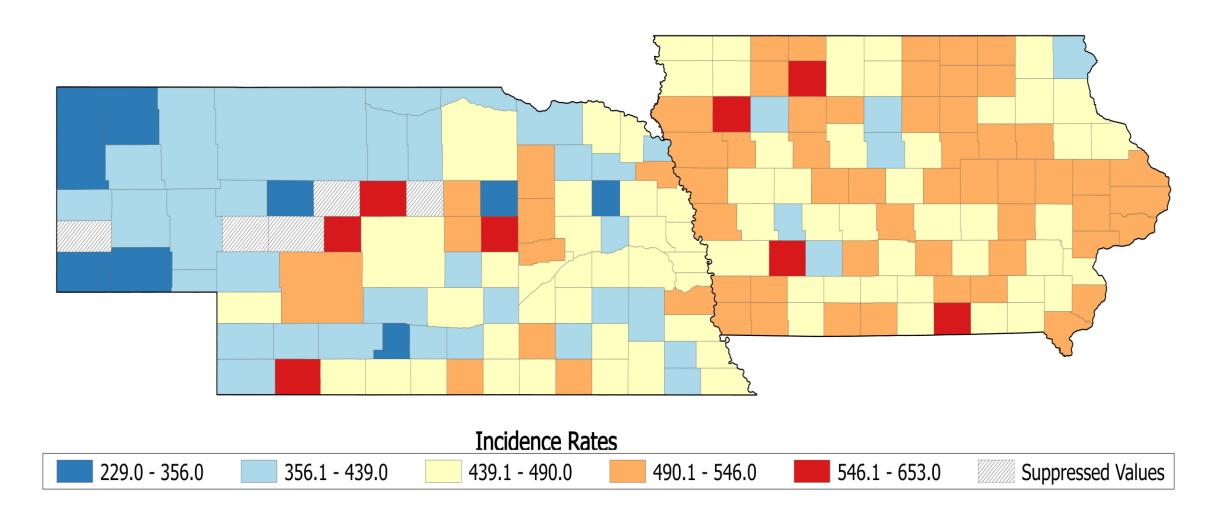
Microbiome

Medications



# Iowa & Nebraska have 5 of the Top 25

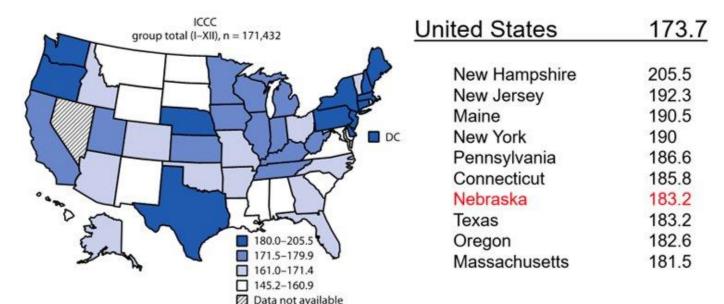




#### Centers for Disease Control & Prevention



# Data from 2003 – 2014 and reported as age-adjusted incidence rates of childhood cancer per 1 million:





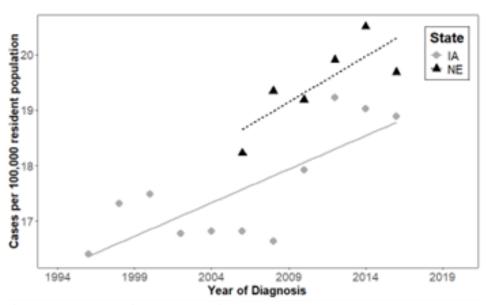
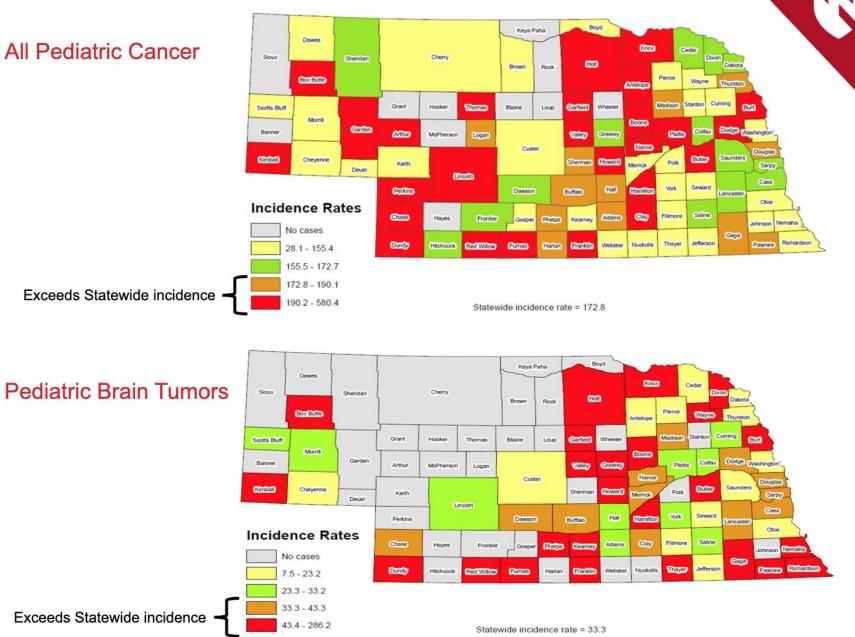


Figure 2. Change in PC Rates in Iowa and Nebraska (1994-2019)

Siegel et al. Geographic Variation in Pediatric Cancer Incidence - US, 2003–2014. MMWR, 2018

#### All Pediatric Cancer

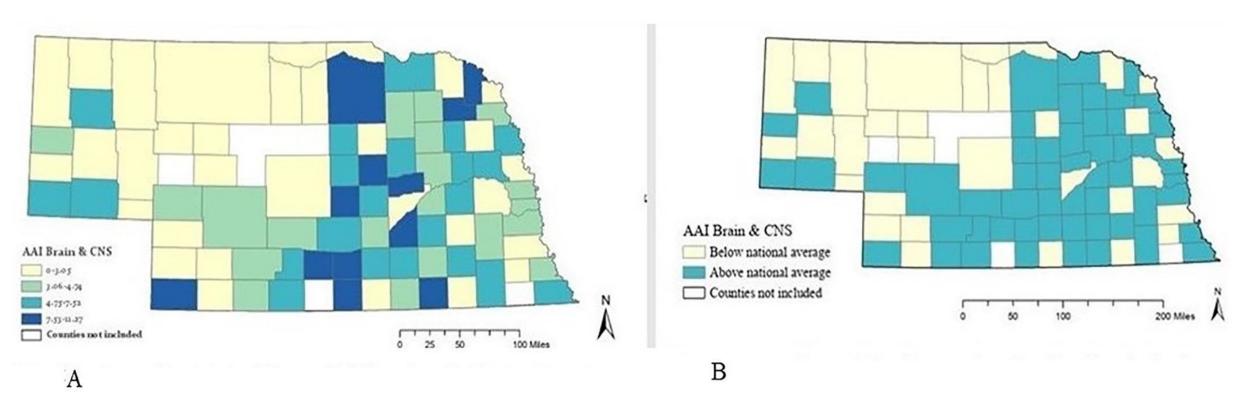
Incidence of pediatric cancers in Nebraska is among the five highest in the **United States** (Farazi et al., 2018).



# Pediatric Brain & other CNS Cancers 1987- 2016



Nebraska counties with elevated atrazine or nitrate levels reported more childhood cancers than counties with lower levels of these chemicals.



Relative to the national average, the age-adjusted incidence of pediatric brain and other CNS cancers is higher in 63% (54/86) of the Nebraska counties.

# Unexpected Costs



Moving

Financial burden

Higher rates of bankruptcy

Wisconsin study:

\$250,000-\$1.5 billion in medical expenditures \$1.3-\$6.5 billion lost in productivity



# Goals for Addressing Water Quality





Identify at-risk areas and people



Encourage water testing



Find low-cost to no-cost solutions



Maintain these water systems





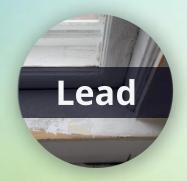
































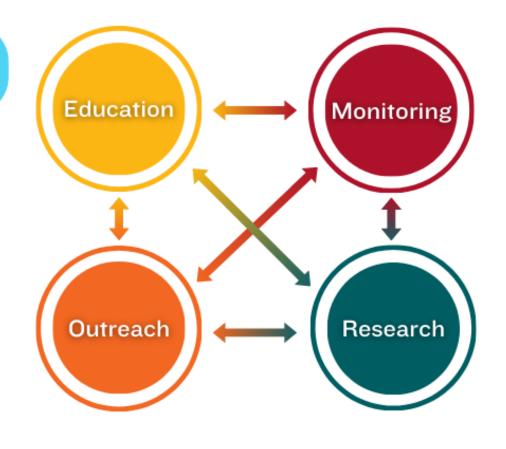
#### Water Quality at the WCHP



Water Quality Middle School & High School Curriculum

> Healthcare Trainings

Agricultural
Extension work
throughout
Nebraska



Citizen Science Water Quality Monitoring

Nebraska Environmental Public Health Tracking Program

Pediatric & Thyroid Cancer Research

Societal and Economical Costs of Water Quality

Regional Research efforts

# Water Quality Education & Engagement



# Nebraskans Can Treat Their Drinking Water for Free!

If your drinking water has high concentrations of nitrate, the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy (NDEE) is offering an opportunity for you to treat it for free with the Reverse Osmosis System rebate program.



Application opens: January 1st, 2023 Application closes: June 23, 2024

#### **Eligibility Requirements:**

- 1. This program is open to anyone with a private well.
- 2. The private well must be registered.
- 3. Applicants will need to submit water quality data from the State laboratory, with testing results dated no earlier than January 1, 2022.
- 4. Only wells with samples above 10 ppm nitrate will be eligible for this program.

Application for R.O. rebate program https://go.unl.edu/roapp



Get up to \$4,000 reimbursed!

#### Why Apply?

Treating your drinking water helps protect the health of you and your loved ones.

There are known health impacts for drinking nitrate contaminated water. The strongest linked are:

- · blue baby syndrome
- preterm birth issues
- birth defects
- pediatric cancers
- adult cancers



Order state lab kit https://go.unl.edu/ordertestkit



Check if your well is registered https://go.unl.edu/checkwell



How to register your well https://go.unl.edu/registerwell



More program details https://go.unl.edu/programdetails



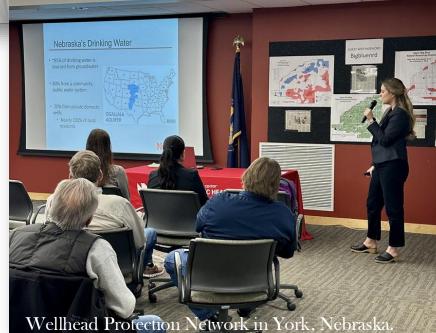


#### Water Quality and Health

Laura Nagengast, MPH Source Water Protection Extension Educator University of Nebraska-Lincoln University of Nebraska Medical Center Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy

EXTENSION

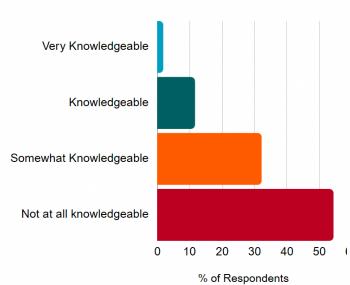
Lara Nagengast, MPH, Extension Educator works specifically with water quality.



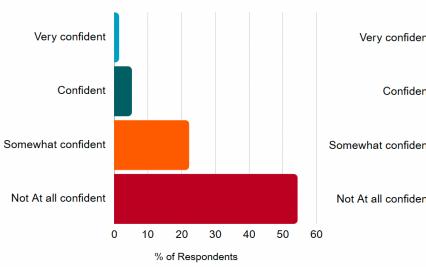
### Communication: Diverse Opportunities



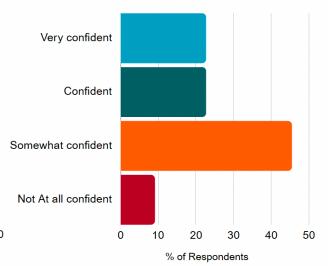
HCPs Self-Rated Knowledge of the Health Impacts of Nitrate Contaminated Drinking Water (n=655)



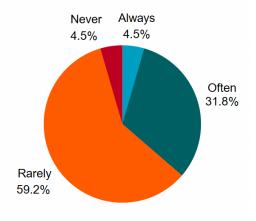
HCPs Self-Rated Confidence that They Can Advise Patients About the Health Impacts of Nitrate Contaminated Drinking Water (n=655)



NRDs Self-Rated Confidence that They Can Advise Community Members About the Health Impacts of Nitrate Contaminated Drinking Water (n=22)

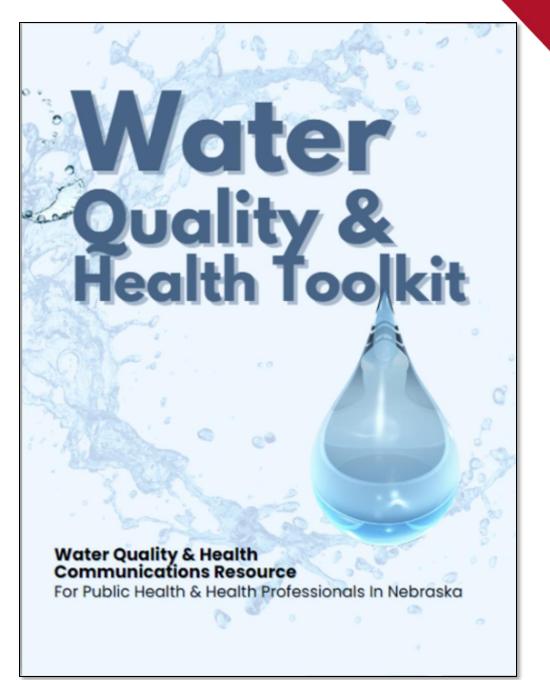


How Often Do NRDs Discuss the Health Impacts of Nitrate Contamination in Drinking Water (n=22)



# Water Quality Communications for Public Health

- 1. The Basics of Water Quality
- 2. Water Quality and Health
- 3. Testing and Treating Your Water
- 4. Stakeholder Checklist
- 5. Water Quality Communication
- 6. Appendix/Resources







# Protecting Nebraska's Waters Curriculum

Taylor Hamblin, PhD at the WCHP's Research Seminar Series in Spring 2023



Citizen Science and Environmental Education Showcase:

Empowering Youth, Inspiring Civic Action



Middle and High School Curriculum that engages students with water quality issues.

Developed by WCHP's Taylor Hamblin, PhD

Connections and engagement throughout the state



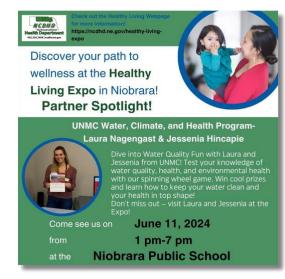


### WCHP In the Community & Beyond









# Drs. Gold and Bell discussing private well testing on UNMC's *Rural Health Matters*, 2023





"Flatwater Free Press Forum on Nitrates in Nebraska's Water" in Norfolk, NE in March 2023.



# Opportunities for Moving Forward





Partnerships to educate and do outreach



Improve testing of private wells



Continue to research these issues

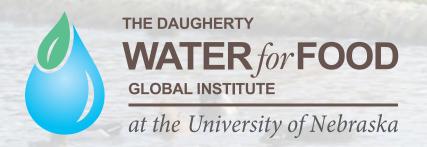


Create education materials for stakeholders

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